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APPLICATION NO.	PPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
. 09/513,462	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,)2/25/2000	Markus Lautenbacher	SEIM0023U/US	SEIM0023U/US 7313	
31518	7590	05/08/2003				
NEIFELD	•		EXAMINER			
ARLINGTO		VIS HIGHWAY 2202		BACKER,	BACKER, FIRMIN	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				3621		
			DATE MAILED: 05/08/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	· ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)	f						
•		09/513,462	LAUTENBACHER, MARKUS							
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit							
		Firmin Backer	3621	*						
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address									
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).										
Status	December 4. communication(a) filed on OCA	4 2002								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 M</u>									
2a)□	,—	s action is non-final.								
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.										
Dispositi	on of Claims	•								
•	Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application									
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.								
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
	Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.									
· _	Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers	election requirement.								
	•									
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.										
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.										
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.										
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.										
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.										
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120										
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).										
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ⊠ None of:										
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 										
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).										
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.										
Attachment(s)										
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s latent Application (PTO							

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Continued Prosecution Application

1. The request filed on may 6th, 2003 for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 09/513,462 is acceptable and a CPA has been established. An action on the CPA follows.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on May 5th, was filed after the mailing date of the Final action on December 27th, 2002. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 5. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Halpern et al (U.S. Patent No. 6,282,711) in view of Ahmad (U.S. Patent No. 5,925,127).
- 6. As per claims 1, Halpern et al teach a method of using software products that are offered via a network (see abstract, fig 1) comprising inquiring about a software (software components) product from an offer server (remote server, 102) by a user via a terminal device (client system 101) downloading (downloading) the software product from the offer server via the network onto the terminal device in response to the inquiry of the user (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47) activating (installing) a software component (subset) of the software product; starting a communication by way of the software component with a usage processing server regarding a usage of the software product in response to a call of the software product in the terminal device of the user (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47). Halpern et al fail to teach an inventive concept of providing, by the software component in a framework of the communication, data to the usage processing server; and checking the data, by the usage processing server, and then making a determination selected from the group consisting of: whether usage of the software product is approved with respect to the inquiring user, and whether charging operations are carried out on user accounts and provider of software product accounts. However Ahamad teach an inventive concept of providing, by the software component in a framework of the communication, data to the usage processing server; and checking the data, by the usage processing server, and then making a determination selected from the group

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consisting of: whether usage of the software product is approved with respect to the inquiring user, and whether charging operations are carried out on user accounts and provider of software product accounts (see fig 3, column 9 line15-12 line 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Halpern et al's inventive concept to include Ahamad's inventive concept of providing, by the software component in a framework of the communication, data to the usage processing server; and checking the data, by the usage processing server, and then making a determination selected from the group consisting of: whether usage of the software product is approved with respect to the inquiring user, and whether charging operations are carried out on user accounts and provider of software product accounts because this would have facilitate software application provider to monitor the usage of their software application usage thereby increase the revenue of the provider.

- 7. As per claims 2 and 3, Halpern et al teach a method further comprising operating the usage processing and the offer server by a network provider (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).
- 8. As per claims 4, Halpern et al teach a method further comprising using a web server for a server selected from the group consisting of the offer server and the usage processing server (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).

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revenue of the provider.

- 9. As per claims 5, Halpern et al teach a usage processing server comprising: a usage processing module for processing a software product downloaded from a network; and wherein usage processing data required to perform usage processing are delivered to the usage processing server (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47). Halpern et al fail to teach an inventive concept wherein the usage processing server is contacted by the software product after the software product has been downloaded into a terminal device of a user and has been activated. However, Ahmad teach an inventive concept wherein the usage processing server is contacted by the software product after the software product has been downloaded into a terminal device of a user and has been activated (see fig 3, column 9 line15-12 line 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Halpern et al's inventive concept to include Ahamad's inventive concept wherein the usage processing server is contacted by the software product after the software product has been downloaded into a terminal device of a user and has been activated because this would have facilitate software application provider to monitor the usage of their software application usage thereby increase the
- 10. As per claims 6, Halpern et al teach a usage processing server further comprising: a data store in which a software product identification of the software product and type of usage processing data that prescribe a type of usage processing of the software product are stored by the usage processing module, and wherein the usage processing module registers the software product (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).

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11. As per claims 7, Halpern et al teach a usage processing server wherein: the usage processing data required comprises a software product identification of the software product and a user identification (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).

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- 12. As per claims 8, Halpern et al teach a usage processing server wherein: the usage processing comprises performing an access control (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).
- 13. As per claims 9, Halpern et al teach a usage processing server wherein: the usage processing comprises performing a usage charging of the software product on user accounts and provider accounts (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).
- 14. As per claims 10, Halpern et al teach a usage processing server according to claim 5, wherein the usage processing module keeps statistics about usage contacts that have taken place and about results of a processing of the usage contacts (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).
- 15. As per claims 11, Halpern et al teach a software product wherein the software product can be downloaded into a terminal device by a user via a network in response to an inquiry from the user (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47). Hapern et al's fail to teach an inventive concept of a software component that is activated when called by the software product and that subsequently starts communicating with a usage process server and delivers usage

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processing data required for performing usage processing to the usage processing server in the framework of the communication. However Ahmad teach a software component that is activated when called by the software product and that subsequently starts communicating with a usage process server and delivers usage processing data required for performing usage processing to the usage processing server in the framework of the communication (see fig 3, column 9 line15-12 line 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Halpern et al's inventive concept to include Ahamad's inventive concept a software component that is activated when called by the software product and that subsequently starts communicating with a usage process server and delivers usage processing data required for performing usage processing to the usage processing server in the framework of the communication because this would have facilitate software application provider to monitor the usage of their software application usage thereby increase the revenue of the provider.

- 16. As per claims 12, Halpern et al teach a software product wherein the usage processing data comprises: software product provider data; and software product identification; and wherein the usage processing data is dynamically determined user data (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).
- 17. As per claims 13, Halpern et al teach a software product wherein the software component interacts with the user to produce the dynamically determined user data (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47).

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18. As per claims 14, Halpern et al teach a method for the generation of a software product that is offered via a network (see abstract, fig 1), comprising the steps of installing a software component in source code of the software product of a software manufacturer by using a software development kit provided by a usage processing provider (see abstract, fig 1, 2, column 4 lines 44-5 line 47. Hapern et al fail to teach an inventive concept of activating the software component when called by the software product; starting a communication by the software component with a usage processing server after the step of activating the software component; sending, by the software component, usage processing data that are required for performing usage processing to the usage processing server in the framework of the communication. However, Ahamad teaches a inventive concept of activating the software component when called by the software product; starting a communication by the software component with a usage processing server after the step of activating the software component; sending, by the software component, usage processing data that are required for performing usage processing to the usage processing server in the framework of the communication (see fig 3, column 9 line15-12 line 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Halpern et al's inventive concept to include Ahamad's inventive concept of activating the software component when called by the software product; starting a communication by the software component with a usage processing server after the step of activating the software component; sending, by the software component, usage processing data that are required for performing usage processing to the usage processing server in the framework of the communication because this would have facilitate software application

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provider to monitor the usage of their software application usage thereby increase the revenue of the provider.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Firmin Backer whose telephone number is (703) 305-0624. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu 8:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell can be reached on (703) 305-9768. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-7687 for regular communications and (703) 305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Firmin Backer
Examiner

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May 7, 2003